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Chairman - Councillor T. G. Ayton

BRIGG URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

T. Morgan
D. S. Hasty
R. H. Jones

J. P. Street
A. Taylor
R. Vellous

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

- 1969 -

MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

Chairman - Councillor F. G. Atton

Councillors - E. V. Gray

T. Morgan

G. H. Mumby

B. M. Robins

Councillors - Miss D. M. Selby

I. P. Strudwick

E. Taylor

H. Welbourn

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

J. S. Robertson, M.B., Ch.B., M.R.C.S., D.P.H., D.I.H.

Office: 50, Holydyke, Barton-on-Humber. Tel: Barton-on-Humber 3154

Clerks: Mrs. M. H. Akester, Mrs. M. M. Rousell

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

G. F. Hawkins, Cert. F.H.I.B., C.R.S.H. (Meat), M.A.P.H.I.

Office: Town Hall, Brigg

Tel: Brigg 2257

Clerk: Miss D. M. Clarke

50, Holydyke,

Barton-on-Humber.

July, 1970.

Mr. Chairman, Miss Selby, Gentlemen,

The statistics for Brigg for 1969 show an unusually low birth rate and a slight fall in the death rate. The indices of infant mortality were slightly better than in 1968, though not as good as they have been in earlier years, and higher than the rates for England and Wales as a whole. With a small population such as that of Brigg considerable fluctuations can occur by chance and as even rare events do occasionally occur too much significance should not be placed on these figures.

The most extraordinary feature of the 1969 statistics is the ratio between girls and boys born in the year. Usually male births slightly outnumber female births, about 104 boys being born for every hundred girls. In 1969, however, twice as many girls were born as boys, for only 23 of the 68 total births were boys. A binomial test suggests that if we had 68 births each year a ratio of this magnitude would occur on average less than once in two hundred and fifty years!

Comparing the tabulated causes of deaths at all ages for 1969 with the corresponding table for 1968 shows that the improvement which occurred was confined to women. There was a twenty-five per cent fall in female deaths which was partly offset by a five per cent increase in male deaths. Comparing the distribution by age at death indicates that the reduction was in deaths of middle-aged adults, and related to deaths from Ischaemic Heart Disease. Deaths from this cause numbered 23 in 1968 but only 12 in 1969. There was no change in the total number of deaths from cancer, and despite the influenza epidemic respiratory deaths remained at the same level. The commonest single cause of death in 1969 was cerebrovascular disease (strokes).

Notifications of infectious disease showed a dramatic fall due to the combination of measles vaccination and it being an "inter-epidemic year" for this disease - only 2 cases of measles were notified compared with 117 in 1968. There were 4 cases of Jaundice, 3 of Scarlet Fever, 1 of Pulmonary Tuberculosis and 1 of staphylococcal food poisoning during the year. The latter was due to cold meat sandwiches made the night before and kept in a warm place at work for some hours before being eaten. One baby which developed Salmonella typhi-murium infection was not notified as food poisoning presumably because the mode of infection was not established.

As usual the water reaching the boreholes from which our public supply is derived became polluted during the pea harvest. All but three of the samples of water taken after treatment were free from coliform organisms. One sample of treated water was reported to contain E. coli, but a repeat sample was free from organisms. One of the samples reported to contain 2 coliforms was taken at a time when the untreated water was not polluted. It is suspected that these incidents may have been due to insufficient flaming of the sampling tap.

The amount of sewage reaching the Council's works exceeded the designed capacity of the plant and in consequence considerable difficulty arose. These works, designed to deal with all foreseeable demand for the next twenty years are already grossly overloaded within seven years of completion. This is due to the unforeseen increase in an industrial effluent with a high content of vegetable and fruit wastes, as a result of which a substantial extension to the works is urgently needed. In view of the rate of development in the area and the increasing use of water by domestic users it would be prudent to make the extensions substantial and avoid need for a further bite of the cherry in another five years.

Until recent years people living in the west end of the town have plagued by noxious smells. When the town's refuse was tipped near the "point" smell from burning refuse troubled them in north winds and each autumn west winds brought unpleasant smells from the settling lagoons of the British Sugar Corporation. It is pleasing to note that the latest efforts of the Sugar Corporation to reduce the nuisance from these lagoons have improved the situation, and no complaint was received during the 1969 sugar refining season.

Notification of infectious disease showed a dramatic fall due to the combination of measles vaccination and it being an "inter-epidemic year" for this disease - only 2 cases of measles were notified compared with 17 in 1968. There were 4 cases of diphtheria, 3 of Scarlet Fever, 1 of Pulmonary Tuberculosis and 1 of atypical food poisoning during the year. The latter was due to cold meat sandwiches made the night before and kept in a warm place at work for some hours before being eaten. One baby which developed *Salmonella typhi*-varium infection was not notified as food poisoning presumably because the mode of infection was not established.

As usual the water reaching the boroughs from which our public supply is derived became polluted during the pea harvest. All but three of the samples of water taken after treatment were free from coliform organisms. One sample of treated water was reported to contain *E. coli*, but a repeat sample was free from organisms. One of the samples reported to contain *S. coliform* was also reported to contain *E. coli*. It is suspected that these incidents may have been due to the washing of the sampling tap. The amount of sewage reaching the Council's works exceeded the designed capacity of the works and considerable difficulty arose. These works, designed to deal with all foreseeable demand for the next twenty years are already grossly overloaded within seven years of completion. This is due to the unforeseen increase in an industrial effluent with a high content of vegetable and fruit wastes, as a result of which a substantial extension to the works is urgently needed. In view of the rate of development in the area and the increasing use of water by domestic users it would be prudent to make the extensions substantial and avoid need for a further bite of the cherry in another five years.

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Towards the end of 1969 Mr. Hawkins, the Public Health Inspector, retired. For a period the town was without a public health inspector pending the appointment of Mr. Simpson in early 1970. During the interval cover for urgent work was provided by the inspectors of Glanford Brigg R.D.C. to whom we are indebted for help.

My clerical staff have endeavoured to abstract from records left by Mr. Hawkins such detail of his work during the year as they could. The task was complicated by the apparent loss of some records during the move from the old offices at the Town Hall to the new premises. Consequently there are a number of figures which could not be obtained. Regrettably it has been necessary to omit some information and put "records not available" opposite a number of the headings in the latter part of this report. A great deal of work was done by Mr. Hawkins during the year which could not be classified or listed because records of visits do not state their purpose. Thus the missing figures do not necessarily reflect any diminution in the amount of work actually carried out.

As the size of the town increases and as additional duties are imposed by new legislation the amount of work required to run the towns environmental health services and improve them to keep pace with rising standards also grows. The public expects higher standards of food hygiene in shops and cafes than it did twenty years ago, but these higher standards can only be achieved and maintained by increased effort and vigilance. Mr. Hawkins attempted to tackle this steadily increasing work load, but was latterly unable to give the amount of attention to some of these matters which authorities with a higher staffing ratio achieve. His successor, Mr. Simpson, faces a formidable task, having in addition the arrears of work accruing in the interval when the town had no inspector. The time is fast approaching when additional staff will be required to enable our services to be maintained at the level which the public now expects. Technical help either with the surveying or the public health side of the work would undoubtedly expedite the remedy of outstanding problems such as the poor state of some of the public lavatories, the urgent need for trade effluent agreements and for extensions to the sewage works, the clearance of

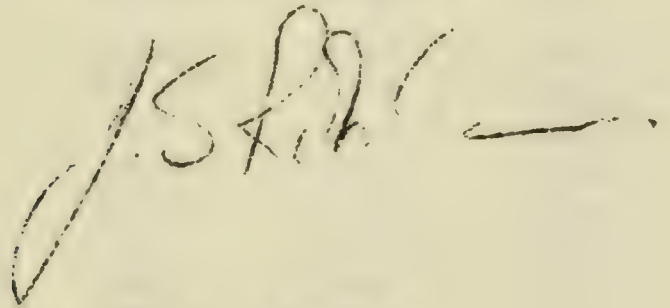
some of our slums and promotion of schemes to improve older property lacking the standard amenities. The need for skilled supervision and management of the extended sewage works should also be borne in mind. Expensive plant deserves the competent management and skilled maintainance is required to keep it functioning efficiently.

Given the support and staff necessary to tackle these problems with the urgency they deserve I am confident that Mr. Simpson will effect a considerable improvement to the town's services in the next few years.

I am indebted to Mr. Hawkins for ~~his~~ work during the year, and to Mr. Simpson and to my clerks for their help in compiling such details as could be abstracted from the available records for inclusion in the latter part of this report, for whose unavoidable deficiencies I apologise.

I am,

Your obedient servant,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'J. S. Robertson', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

J. S. Robertson

Medical Officer of Health.

VITAL STATISTICS

	<u>1967</u>	<u>1968</u>	<u>1969</u>
Mid - year population	5,120	5,120	5,110
Live Births	76	78	67
Stillbirths	--	--	1
Infant deaths under 4 weeks of age	--	3	2
Total deaths	74	94	88

	<u>Legitimate</u>			<u>Illegitimate</u>			<u>TOTAL</u>
	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Live Births	19	40	59	3	5	8	67
Stillbirths	1	-	1	-	-	-	1
Infant deaths under 1 year	1	1	2	-	-	-	2
Infant deaths under 4 weeks	1	1	2	-	-	-	2
Infant deaths under 1 week	1	1	2	-	-	-	2

	<u>England and Wales</u>		
	<u>1968</u>	<u>1969</u>	<u>1969</u>
Crude Birth Rate	15.2	13.1	16.3
Corrected Birth Rate *	16.1	13.9	(16.3)
Stillbirth Rate	--	15.0	13.0
Infant Mortality Rate	51.0	30.0	18.0
Legitimate Infant Mortality Rate	58.0	34.0	17.0
Illegitimate Infant Mortality Rate	--	--	25.0
Neonatal Mortality Rate	38.5	30.0	12.0
Early Neonatal Mortality Rate	38.5	30.0	10.0
Perinatal Mortality Rate	38.0	44.0	23.0
Illegitimacy Rate	11.5	12.0	8.0
Crude Death Rate	18.4	17.2	11.9
Corrected Death Rate *	11.8	11.5	(11.9)

* These corrections take account of the different proportions of old and young people in the area, and make the resulting rate comparable with that for England and Wales. Thus, a resort to which old people retire would have a high crude rate, but low comparability factor would correct the false impression that this was an unhealthy area. The comparability factor for births in this district is 1.06 and .67 for deaths.

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CAUSES OF DEATH IN THE DISTRICT DURING THE YEAR 1969

(Registrar General's Figures)

Causes of Death	0-	1-	15-	25-	45-	65+	Total	
							M.	F.
Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	2
Malignant Neoplasm, Intestine	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	2
Malignant Neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	1
Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Malignant Neoplasm, Prostate	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
Other Malignant Neoplasms	-	-	-	1	2	2	3	2
Diabetes Mellitus	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	-
Mental Disorders	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Other Diseases of Nervous System	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
Hypertensive Disease	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Ischaemic Heart Disease	-	-	-	-	3	9	7	5
Other Forms of Heart Disease	-	-	-	-	2	11	9	4
Cerebrovascular Disease	-	-	-	-	2	18	13	7
Other Diseases of Circulatory System	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
Influenza	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Pneumonia	-	-	-	-	1	7	6	2
Other Diseases of Respiratory System	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Intestinal Obstruction and Hernia	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
Hyperplasia of Prostate	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
Congenital Anomalies	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Birth Injury, Difficult Labour, Etc.	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Symptoms and Ill Defined Conditions	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
Motor Vehicle Accidents	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-
All Other Accidents	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
Suicide and Self-Inflicted Injuries	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	-
Total:	2	1	-	2	15	68	56	32

CAUSES OF DEATH AT VARIOUS PERIODS OF LIFE

(Locally compiled statistics)

Causes of Death	Age in years				Total
	0 - 1	1 - 14	15 - 49	50+	
<u>Infectious Diseases</u>					
Tuberculosis, respiratory	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis, other	-	-	-	-	-
Syphilitic disease	-	-	-	-	-
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-
Whooping Cough	-	-	-	-	-
Meningococcal infection	-	-	-	-	-
Acute Poliomyelitis	-	-	-	-	-
Measles	-	-	-	-	-
Other infective and parasitic diseases	-	-	-	-	-
<u>The Cancers</u>					
Stomach	-	-	-	3	3
Lung and Bronchus	-	-	-	2	2
Breast	-	-	-	-	-
Uterus	-	-	-	1	1
Other	-	-	2	7	9
Leukaemia, Aleukaemia	-	-	-	-	-
Diabetes	-	-	-	3	3
<u>Cardiovascular Diseases</u>					
Vascular lesions of the C.N.S.	-	-	-	20	20
Coronary disease, angina	-	-	-	14	14
Hypertension with heart disease	-	-	-	2	2
Other heart disease	-	-	-	13	13
Other circulatory disease	-	-	-	2	2
<u>Respiratory Diseases</u>					
Influenza	-	-	-	1	1
Pneumonia	-	-	-	11	11
Bronchitis	-	-	-	2	2
Other	-	-	-	1	1
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	-	-	-	-	-
Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	-	-	-	-	-
Nephritis and Nephrosis	-	-	-	-	-
Hyperplasia of prostate	-	-	-	1	1
Pregnancy, childbirth and abortion	-	-	-	-	-
Congenital malformation	1	-	-	-	1
Other diseases	1	-	-	2	3
Motor vehicle accidents	-	-	-	-	-
All other accidents	-	-	-	1	1
Suicide	-	-	-	2	2
Homicide	-	-	-	-	-
Total:	2	-	2	88	92

NOTIFICATION OF INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES

BY AGE GROUPS

Disease	0+	1+	2+	3+	4+	5+	10+	15+	25+	45+	Total
Food Poisoning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Infective Jaundice	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	1	4
Measles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Scarlet Fever	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	3
Tuberculosis Respiratory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
TOTALS:	-	-	-	-	1	4	-	2	2	2	11

PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

Water is supplied to the town by the North Lindsey Water Board. The water comes from deep bores in the chalk at Barrow-on-Humber.

The following table gives details of Bacteriological examination of water samples taken during the year.

Presumptive Coli Count	"Raw" Water	Chlorinated Water
Less than 1 per 100 ml.	123	44
1 to 2 per 100 ml.	2	2
3 to 10 per 100 ml.	2	-
More than 10 per 100 ml. or E. coli type 1 present	11	1
Total:	138	47

CHEMICAL ANALYSES

Barrow-on-Humber Bore

(a) Raw Water

Appearance	Clear
Colour	Colourless
Smell	None
<u>General Chemical Examination</u>	<u>Parts Per Million</u>
Reaction, pH Value	7.2
Free Carbon Dioxide as CO ₂	16.0
Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N	0.024
Albuminoid Nitrogen as N	0.040
Nitrous Nitrogen as N	none
Nitric Nitrogen as N	4.48
Poisonous Metals (Lead)	less than 0.04
Hardness (Calculated from Mineral Analysis as CaCO ₃)	361.1
Temporary	210.8
Permanent	150.3
Permanganate Figure (4 hours at 80°F) as O	0.44
Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	210.8
<u>Mineral Analysis</u>	
Silica as SiO ₂	5.00
Iron as Fe ₂ O ₃	0.23
Calcium as Ca	134.31
Magnesium as Mg	1.03
Sodium as Na	20.53
Carbonates as CO ₃	126.39
Chlorides as Cl	38.00
Nitrates as NO ₃	19.83
Sulphates as SO ₃	99.75
Fluorine as F by the distillation method	0.14
Manganese as Mn	None
<u>Probable composition of mineral constituents</u>	
Silica	5.00
Iron Oxide	0.23
Calcium Carbonate	210.79
Calcium Sulphate	141.36
Calcium Chloride	22.99
Magnesium Sulphate	----
Magnesium Chloride	4.03
Sodium Chloride	33.48
Sodium Nitrate	27.19
(9.1.69)	
	<u>445.07</u>

Barrow-on-Humber Bore

(b) Treated Water

Appearance	Clear
Colour	Colourless
Taste	Normal
Smell	None
<u>General Chemical Examination</u>	<u>Parts Per Million</u>
Reaction, pH Value	7.1
Free Carbon Dioxide	24.0
Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N	0.032
Albuminoid Nitrogen as N	0.112
Nitrous Nitrogen as N	None
Nitric Nitrogen as N	4.97
Poisonous Metals (Lead)	less than 0.04
Hardness (Calculated from Mineral Analysis as CaCO_3)	195.8
Temporary	195.8
Permanent	195.8
Permanganate Figure (4 hours at 80°F) as O	0.44
Alkalinity as CaCO_3	195.8
Free Chlorine	None
<u>Mineral Analysis</u>	
Silica as SiO_2	5.00
Aluminium Oxide	0.12
Iron Oxide	0.17
Calcium as Ca	77.79
Magnesium as Mg	0.37
Sodium as Na	91.22
Carbonates as CO_3	123.24
Chlorides as Cl	48.00
Nitrates as NO_3	22.00
Sulphates as SO_4	99.09
Manganese as Mn	0.060
<u>Probable composition of mineral constituents</u>	
Silica	5.00
Aluminium Oxide	0.12
Iron Oxide	0.17
Calcium Carbonate	194.28
Calcium Sulphate	-----
Magnesium Carbonate	1.28
Magnesium Sulphate	-----
Sodium Carbonate	10.32
Sodium Sulphate	146.54
Sodium Chloride	79.13
Sodium Nitrate	30.16
(23.6.69)	<u>467.00</u>

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR FOR 1969

HOUSING

Total number of dwellinghouses and flats in the district	1,515
Total number of new houses erected during the year	52
By the local authority	41
By other local authorities	1
By other bodies or persons	10
Housing Repairs and Rents Acts, 1954-57.	
Number of certificates of disrepair issued	Nil
Inspection of houses during the year.	
Number of houses inspected for housing defects	Records not available
Remedy of defects during the year without service of formal notices.	
Number of defective dwellinghouses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the local authority.	Records not available
Action under statutory powers during the year:	
(1) Proceedings under the Public Health Acts.	
Number of dwellinghouses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied.	Nil
Number of dwellinghouses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notice.	Nil
(2) Proceedings under the Housing Acts.	
Number of dwellinghouses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	Nil
Number of dwellinghouses which were rendered fit after service of formal notice	Nil

Number of unfit houses purchased by the local authority in accordance with the Housing Acts	Nil
---	-----

Number of certificates of disrepair issued	Nil
--	-----

(3) Slum Clearance - proceedings under the Housing Acts.

Number of houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	Nil
--	-----

Number of houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	Nil
---	-----

Number of houses or parts subject to Closing Orders	Nil
---	-----

Number of houses or parts rendered fit by undertakings	Nil
--	-----

Number of houses included in confirmed Clearance Orders	Nil
---	-----

Number of houses demolished in pursuance thereof	Nil
--	-----

Number of houses on which Demolition Orders are operative and which are still occupied except under the provisions of Section 34, 35 and 46 of the Housing Act, 1957	2
--	---

Number of houses occupied under Sections 34, 35 and 46 of the Housing Act, 1957	Nil
---	-----

Houses demolished voluntarily by owners which would otherwise have been the subject of statutory action	36
---	----

Houses closed voluntarily by owners which would otherwise have been the subject of statutory action	1
---	---

Nissen Huts or other similar hutments

Number still occupied	Nil
-----------------------	-----

Estimated number of dwellings remaining to be dealt with -

Under the Housing Act, 1957, Sections 16 and 18	11
---	----

Under the Housing Act, 1957, Section 42	10
---	----

Temporary dwellings owned by the local authority	10
--	----

THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

FROM THE FIRST SETTLEMENTS TO THE PRESENT TIME

BY JAMES M. SMITH

VOLUME I

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Housing Acts - Overcrowding

Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	1
Number of persons concerned in such cases	5
Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	6
Number of families dwelling therein	6

Housing Acts, 1949-59.

Number of dwellings for which application for grants have been received during 1969	10
(a) Standard Grant	7
(b) Discretionary Grant	3
Number of dwellings subject to grant (i.e. works completed in 1969)	1
Number of dwellings owned by the local authority which have been the subject of grant aid by the Ministry during 1969	Nil

Moveable dwellings, tents, vans, etc.

Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960

Number of site licences	1
Total number of caravans permitted under such licences	60
Number of inspections made during the year	} Records not Available
Number of contraventions remedied	
Number of sites exempt from licence	1
Number of caravans thereon	Varies
Number of holiday chalets	Nil
Number of inspections of exempt sites	Records not Available

FOOD PREMISES

Bakehouses:

Number in the district	2
Number of inspections made	} Records not Available
Number of contraventions found	
Number of defects remedied	

Ice Cream:

Number of manufacturers on register	Nil
Number of premises licensed for the sale of ice cream	17
Number of inspections of premises	} Records not Available
Number of contraventions found	
Number of contraventions remedied	

Meat Products:

Number of premises registered for the manufacture of meat products	8
Number of inspections made	} Records not Available
Number of contraventions found	
Number of contraventions remedied	

Other Food Premises:

Number of other food premises	62
Number of inspections made	} Records not Available
Number of contraventions found	
Number of contraventions remedied	

Slaughterhouses:

Number licensed (abattoir type)	Nil
Number licensed (private)	1
Number operated by the local authority	Nil

100

100

100

100

100

100

100

100

100

100

UN SOUND FOOD

The following table gives details of meat inspection work carried out during 1969. (No figures available for December)

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number killed	31	-	-	-	-
Number inspected	30	-	-	-	-
All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci:					
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	1	-	-	-	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci	3.3	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis only:					
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	-
Cysticercosis:					
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses submitted to treatment by refrigeration	-	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-

Method of Disposal of condemned food:

Meat - Animal By-products firm

Other Foods - Tipping under supervision

OTHER FOODS CONDEMNED

9	Cartons Braised Beef	1	Tin of Baked Beans
19	Cartons Beefburgers	2	Boxes of Grapes
6	Cartons Sliced beef in gravy	2	Tins of Peaches
6	Pkts. Pork sausages	8	Tins of Fruit Cocktail
4	Pkts. Rissoles	5	Tins sub-pineapple cubes
6	Pkts Chick-pie	1	Tin sub-pears
10	Pkts Steak and Kidney Pie	9	Tins of Grapefruit
4	Pkts 'Dinner for one'	1	Tin Pears
1	Tray Pork Chops	1	Tin of Pineapple
1	Tray Mixed Grill	1	Tin of Mandarines
4	Cartons Plaice Fillets	5	Tins Stewed Applies
18	Cartons Fish Cakes	1	Tin of Orange Juice
13	Cartons Cod Steaks	2	Tins Processed Peas
6	Cartons Cod Portions	2	Tins Garden Peas
5	Cartons Cod Filletts	3	Tins Carrots
8	Pkts. Fish and Chips	3	Tins Runner Beans
25	Cartons Fish Fingers	18	Tins Tomatoes
6	Pkts. Crispy Cod Fries	5	Tins Corned Meat
15	Pkts. Potato Crisps	2	Tins Luncheon Meat
8	Pkts. Golden Puff Pastry	3	Tins Minced Beef Loaf
2	Pkts. Green Beans	1	Tin Irish Stew
9	Pkts. Brussel Sprouts	1	Tin Pork Sausages
10	Pkts. Garden Peas	2	Tins Chopped Ham and Pork
1	Pkt. Chopped Spinach	3	Tins Stewed Steak
1	Dairy Sponge Cream	2	Tins Salmon
1	Tin of Tapioca	2	Tins Pilchards
1	Tin of Rice	1	Tin soup
1	Tin Cherry Pie Filling		

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE

Number of houses with privy vaults in the district	Nil
Number of houses with pail closets in the district	4
Number of houses with water closets in the district	1511
The Council does not operate a pail closet emptying service	

Cesspools and Septic tanks

Number of cesspools and septic tanks emptied, cleansed, etc.	Records
Number of cesspools and septic tanks abolished	not Available

WATER SUPPLIES (Domestic)

Number of houses supplied from the public mains -	
in the house	1511
from an outside tap	4
Number of houses supplied from private sources	Nil
Number of houses with unsatisfactory supplies	Nil

SWIMMING POOLS

Number in operation	3
Number fitted with continuous mechanical filtration and chlorination	3

GENERAL

Offensive Trades

Number of premises in the district	3
Number of inspections made	Records
Number of contraventions remedied	not Available

Knackers Yard

Number licensed	Nil
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Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963.

Number of premises licensed	105
Number of inspections made	58
Number of defects found	Records
Number of defects remedied	not Available

Refuse Collection and Disposal

Number of premises from which refuse is collected	1735
Frequency of collection	Weekly
Type of receptacle used	Bin
Disposal is by controlled tipping by arrangement with Glanford Brigg R.D.C.	

Rodent Control.

Number of rodent operatives employed	1 part-
Number of premises treated -	time
(a) Dwellinghouses	49
(b) Other premises	29

Details of Nuisances abated

Number of nuisances abated after informal intimation	Records
Number of nuisances abated after statutory action	not available Nil

Atmospheric Pollution

Number of visits	}	Records not Available
Number of nuisances found		
Number of nuisances abated		
Number of smokeless zones		Nil
Number of proposed smokeless zones		Nil

Noise Abatement Act, 1960

Number of complaints	Records
Number of nuisances found	not Available

1897-1898. The following table shows the results of the

survey of the population of the United States in 1890, as compared with the results of the survey of 1880.

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FACTORIES ACT 1961

Part 1 of the Act

1. Inspection for purposes of provisions as to health

Premises	Number on Register	Inspections	Number of Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
i. Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are enforced by local authorities	7	2	Nil	Nil
ii. Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the local authority	62	21	Nil	Nil
iii Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the local authority (excluding outworkers)	13	1	Nil	Nil

2. Cases in which defects were found

Nil

Part VIII of the Act

Outworkers

No outworkers were reported in the Urban District during the year.

